DHHS Vision

Nevada's Long Term Services and Supports (LTSS)

Overview

1915(c) Medicaid Waivers

1915 (c) Waivers in Nevada

- Home and Community Based Waiver (HCBW) for Persons with Mental Retardation and Related Conditions (MRRC)
- 2. HCBW for Persons with Physical Disabilities
 - Referred to as Physical Disability Waiver or "WIN"
- 3. HCBW for Assisted Living (AL)
- 4. HCBW for the Frail Elderly
 - Referred to as "CHIP"
 - Includes the Waiver for the Elderly Adult in Residential Care (WEARC) or group home waiver

What is a Waiver?

- Under the Social Security Act, several sections allow states to waive government-mandated requirements which pertain to Medicaid under certain circumstances
- Medicaid <u>waivers</u> are designed to allow states to be more flexible in providing health care options to their citizens. They promote the use of community-based services as an alternative to institution
- Medicaid costs for Home and Community based services provided in a waiver program must be less than Medicaid costs for institutionalization if the waiver programs were not in operation.
- There must be an application for a waiver program with specific details and processes outlined that is approved by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)

What is a Waiver? (con't)

- The Division of Health Care Financing and Policy (DHCFP) has Administrative Authority, establishes policy and makes payments for services; the Division currently operates the Waiver for Persons with Physical Disabilities
- Aging and Disability Services Division (ADSD) is the operating agency for the HCBW for the Frail Elderly, AL, and MRRC (since the merge with Developmental Services)

What Can Be "Waived"

- Statewideness target waivers to areas of the state where the need is greatest, or where certain types of providers are available
- Comparability of Services makes waiver services available to certain groups of people at risk of institutionalization
- Income and Resources provides Medicaid to individuals who would otherwise be eligible only in an institutional setting

Eligibility Requirements for Nursing Facility Level of Care Waivers

- Age waivers can have a minimum or maximum age based on what is in the approved application
- Must meet a Nursing Facility Level of Care (LOC) which is a universal assessment of an individuals abilities, deficits, and need for assistance to determine if they meet criteria for nursing facility placement or qualify for a less restrictive environment
- Need for a waiver service to be delivered at least monthly to remain in the community
- At risk of institutionalization within 30 days
- Income institutional income guidelines determined by the Division of Welfare and Supportive Services (DWSS):
 - > Up to \$2,130/mo
 - Prepaid burial policy up to \$1,500
 - Up to \$2,000 assets

Covered Services for Nursing Facility Level of Care Waivers

HCBW for the Frail Elderly	HCBW for Assisted Living *Las Vegas Only	HCBW for Persons with Physical Disabilities
 Case Management Homemaker Chore Respite Personal Emergency Response System (PERS) Adult Companion Social Adult Day Care Augmented Personal Care-provided in a qualified licensed group home 	•Case Management •Augmented Personal Care-provided in a qualified licensed assisted living facility	 Case Management Homemaker Chore Respite Environmental Accessibility Adaptations Specialized Medical Equipment and Supplies Personal Emergency Response System (PERS) Assisted Living Services Home Delivered Meals Attendant Care Services–extended state plan personal care

The Vision for Integration

- Streamlining core functions, their costs and delivering effective and efficient outcomes
- Reducing the current Waiver Programs from four to two using Intermediate Care Facility/Developmental Delay (ICF/DD) and Nursing Facility (NF) level of care
- One integrated system for Home and Community Based Long Term Services and Supports (LTSS) for Nevada Medicaid Recipients
- Consistent program operations through ADSD and program administration through DHCFP

Benefits to Recipients

- No wrong door, simplified and faster access to services
- No need to complete multiple applications and repeat history multiple times
- More services available
- No interruption in services or need to transfer between waivers for available services
- No need to be placed on a waitlist for another eligibility determination to transfer between waivers

Benefits to Providers

- Consistent referral process and service plans
- No need to have multiple provider numbers for each waiver program (48, 57, 58, 59) which will facilitate easier enrollment, authorizations and billing
- Reduction in repetitive and duplicative processes
- Consistency in policy interpretation and technical advice
- Single coordinated Quality Management reviews for compliance and qualifications

Benefit to State Agencies

- Increased consistency in administrative oversight, program operations, and personnel management
- Single coordinated Quality Management reviews for compliance and qualifications
- Reduction in reporting requirements to CMS
- Reduction in waiver renewals and evidentiary reports
- More flexibility in initiating services to recipients and slot allocation
- Improved planning for future slots, budget, cost per eligible, rate determination, provider network, service and staffing needs
- Operational efficiencies and elimination of duplicative work
- Statewide use of a single case management software system leading to improved documentation, record management, reporting and tracking

Other Interesting Facts:

- Medicaid waiver eligibility provides full access to medically necessary State plan Medicaid benefits
- Medicaid does not provide payment for room and board
- > To be eligible for a waiver an individual must have a waiver service need at least monthly
- To meet a Level of Care the score must equal 3 or higher using the universal assessment tool
- Eligibility criteria is determined by ADSD, DHCFP, and DWSS

Staffing Considerations

Administrative activities that are required include: facilitating eligibility determinations, assessing for level of care and service needs, development and review of the plan of care, outreach, intake, quality management and interventions prior to program eligibility.

Caseload:

- Case Worker caseload 45:1
- Supervisors 6:1 ratio (5 case managers + 1 administrative assistant)
- IT support case management software, licenses, etc.

Operations

- Transition WIN Waiver Operations (staff) to ADSD (January 2016)
- Obtain CMS approval to revise current WIN CHIP AL Waivers by creating a single waiver that serves recipients who meet a nursing facility Level of Care (July 2016)
- The Wavier Program serving recipients who meet ICF/ID Level of Care will remain separate
- > DHCFP will maintain administrative authority over the waivers

Action Steps

Completed Spring of 2013:

- ✓ DHHS vision presentations to:
 - ✓ Legislature
 - ✓ Medicaid Medical Care Advisory Committee
 - ✓ Department of Health and Human Services Staff
- Development of a Department Wide Long Term Services and Support (LTSS) Quality Assurance Committee with a timeline to integrate Quality Assurance Activities
- ✓ Initiation of integration of Money Follows the Person and Nursing Facility Wavier program case management into one single case management system.

Action Steps (con't)

- ✓ June/Summer 2013:
 - Development of stakeholder communication, focus statements, workgroups, and public workshops. (Nevada Commission on Services for Persons with Disabilities, Commission on Aging)
 - Gather input and concerns.
- August 2013:
 - Contact CMS for technical assistance for combined waiver development
- May 2014
 - Budget Concept for WIN operations moving into ADSD completed for 2015 legislative session.
- May 2014
 - Budget Concept –to improve combined case management system.
- July 2015 January 2016
 - WIN operations transferred from DHCFP to ADSD.

What do you think?

Questions? Comments? Concerns?

Input?