

# Nevada State Innovation Model (SIM) Multi-Payer Collaborative

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Nevada Department of Health and Human Services
Division of Health Care Financing and Policy

## **Agenda**

- Introductions
- State Innovation Model (SIM) Background
- Key Nevada SIM Initiatives
- SIM and Population Health Management
- Role of Multi-Payer Collaborative
- Next Steps
- Discussion

## State Innovation Model (SIM) Background

- DHCFP was awarded \$2 Million SIM Model
   Design Grant on December 16, 2014
- One year grant period beginning February 1, 2015 and ending January 31, 2016
- Grant deliverable is a State Health System Innovation Plan (SHSIP)
- The SHSIP will be the Nevada roadmap for transformation of the healthcare delivery and payment system

## State Innovation Model (SIM) Background

## SIM Funding Opportunity

 Provides financial and technical support to states to design or test innovative payment and service delivery models that will improve health, improve care and lower costs

#### Premise

 State innovation with broad stakeholder input and engagement, including multi-payer models, will accelerate delivery system transformation to provide better care at lower costs

#### Goal

 Identify delivery models that reduce program expenditures and enhance the quality of care and outcomes

## State Innovation Model (SIM) Background

- Multi-Payer Focus
  - Public: Medicaid and Public Employees Benefit Program (PEBP)
  - Private: fully and self-insured
  - Employers
- Delivery System and Payment Transformation
- Leverage Health Information Technology (HIT)
- Sustainability Planning
  - Reinvestment of Savings

## **Stakeholder Engagement Activities**

- Activities to Date
  - 3 Kickoff meetings
  - 8 Community meetings
  - 9 Taskforce meeting
  - 13 Workgroup meetings
  - 4 Stakeholder update webinars
- Survey Tool Deployed
- Website Content
- Numerous DHCFP presentations and individual stakeholder meetings

## SIM and Population Health Management

- All Payers in Nevada Face Similar Health Care Challenges:
  - Access to Health Care in Rural and Frontier Markets
  - Health Care Workforce Shortages
  - Critical Health Issues
    - Cancers
    - Heart Disease and Strokes
    - Obesity
    - Diabetes
    - Behavioral Health (Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder)
    - Tobacco Use
    - Prevention and Wellness
    - Inappropriate Emergency Department Utilization

## **Key SIM Initiatives**

## Patient-Centered Medical Home (PCMH)

- New legislation recognizing/defining PCMHs
- Goal: Expand the number of PCMHs across NV

## Community Paramedicine

Expand to support care coordination on statewide basis

## Community Health Workers (CHWs)

Promote usage of CHWs to improve care coordination and health literacy

#### Telemedicine

Increase the number of sites and appropriate use

## Project ECHO

 Ensure that primary care providers have access to specialists to support treatment decisions

## **Key SIM Initiatives**

#### Medicaid Health Home

- Targeted segments of the Medicaid population
- Providing intensive care coordination through an integrated care team
- Two or more chronic diseases

## Population Health Management

- Multi-Payer Engagement
- Leverage Existing Efforts
- Role of PCMHs, Community Paramedicine, CHWs, Telemedicine, etc.

## Value-Based Purchasing (VBP)/Reimbursement: Value over Volume

- Develop reimbursement model for PCMHs that includes tiered Per Member Per Month (PMPM), quality incentives and infrastructure support
- Leveraging Health Information Technology

# Multi-Payer Collaborative

## Multi-Payer Collaborative (MPC) Concept

 Brings together payers, employers and providers in the state invested in reaching consensus to develop goals, measures and provider payment models through the SIM project

Creates environment of collaboration versus competition

Enables leveraging of existing infrastructure

# **Roles and Responsibilities**

- Create common themes and unified efforts that are payer neutral
- Establish common population health improvement goals
- Achieve common messaging to providers and members
- Pooling payer resources to support transformation
- Design a flexible VBP approach recognizing improved clinical outcomes
- Establish performance measurement parameters for simplified reporting and accountability

DHHS, DHCFP - Nevada State Innovation Model (SIM) Project

## **MPCs: National Landscape**

- States' approaches vary based on market specifics
  - Population health statistics
  - Proposed delivery system and payment models
  - Health outcome goals
  - Degree of payer/employer participation
- States seek alignment with payers in order to successfully implement innovative payment models

## **MPCs: National Landscape**

## Lessons Learned:

- No cookie cutter approach—must be market specific
- Avoid underestimating the amount of time and resources needed to effect change through innovation
- Health Information Exchange (HIE) infrastructure is critical in the support to delivery system and payment models
- For performance measure monitoring, MPCs need timely and easily accessible data
- Providers need detailed cost and quality information—must also be timely and easily accessible

# **Examples of State MPCs**

State	Participants	Payment Model
Arkansas	<ul><li>State employees</li><li>Medicaid</li><li>Commercial payers</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Fee for Service (FFS)+ PMPM</li> <li>Fees</li> <li>Shared savings</li> </ul>
Michigan	<ul> <li>Medicaid Managed Care</li> <li>Commercial payers including Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan</li> </ul>	<ul><li>FFS + PMPM Fees</li><li>Care Management fee</li></ul>
Vermont	<ul><li>Medicaid</li><li>Commercial insurers</li><li>Self-insured employers</li></ul>	<ul> <li>FFS + PMPM Fees</li> <li>Community Health Teams reimbursed by payers</li> </ul>
Wisconsin	<ul><li>Medicaid</li><li>Commercial payers</li><li>Self-insured employers</li></ul>	

# **Proposed MPC Roadmap**

- An effective MPC roadmap involves
  - Creation of MPC charter and governance structure
  - Sustained involvement of key stakeholders: private payers, fully funded and self-funded employers, public payers and providers
  - Development of subcommittees, for example
    - Delivery system and multi-payer payment models
    - Quality measures and outcomes
    - Provider support and PCMH expansion
    - Learning collaboratives
    - HIT infrastructure and data
    - Joint performance measurement monitoring and reporting
  - Development of planning and implementation objectives for phased approach

# **Tools To Support MPCs**

- Health Information Technology
  - Meaningful use of Electronic Health Records (EHR)
  - A HIE is critical to support the transition of care management and coordinated care among all health care providers
  - Promotion of provider and payer participation in statewide HIE
  - Support and technical assistance for provider practice transformation
    - Leverage existing resources

# **Proposed NV MPC Stakeholders**

- Medicaid and CHIP
- NV Public Employees Benefit Program (PEBP)
- Managed care plans (Amerigroup and UHC)
- Employers (fully and self-insured)
- Indian Health Services
- Culinary Health Fund
- Include other payers as they express interest

# **Next Steps**

- Continued outreach to stakeholders
- Foster commitment from key payers, employers and providers for participation in the MPC
- Discuss payers' current activities in NV
- Convene participants to develop charter and governance